U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER: 1F-870 cas 156 GF-AG				
		U.S. APONGO. // krown-3e-37 6FR 15) 3				
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.: PCT/FR00/00634	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE: 16 MARCH 2000 (16.03.00)	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED: 23 MARCH 1999 (23.03.99)				
TITLE OF INVENTION: RADIATING CABLE						
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US: Thierry LINOSSIER						
Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:					
1. X This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing	under 35 U.S.C. 371.					
2. This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of ite						
3. This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).						
4. X A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examina	ation was made by the 19th month from the	e earliest claimed priority date.				
5. X A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C						
a. X is transmitted herewith (required only if not t	ransmitted by the International Bureauir	r French language).				
c. is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).						
6. X A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).						
Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).						
a. are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).						
a. are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). have been transmitted by the International Bureau.						
baye not been made: however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.						
d. have not been made and will not be made.						
8. A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).						
9. X An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 37	1(c)(4)).					
A translation of the annexes of the International Prelim	inary Examination Report under PCT Artic	sle 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).				
Item 11. to 16. below concern document(s) or information inclu	uded:					
11. X An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.	97 and 1.98.					
12. X An assignment document for recording. A separate co	ver sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28	and 3.31 is included.				
13. X A FIRST preliminary amendment.						
A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendmen	ıt.					
14. A substitute specification.						
15. A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.						
16. X Other items or information: INTERNATIONAL PRINTERNATIONAL SEA	ELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT (PO ARCH REPORT, APPLICATION DATA SH	CT/IPEA/409in French language), HEET, ABSTRACT				

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (1979-37-19-5737033	INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/FR00/00634		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET I 1F-870 cas 156 GF-	
			CALCULATIONS PTC	USE ONLY
17. X The following fees are submitted:				
BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492(a)(1)-(5)): Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO and International Search Report not prepared by the EPO or JPO				
International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but International Search Report prepared by the EPO or JPO				
International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO				
International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) paid to USPTO but all claims did not satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4)				
International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) of PCT Article 33(1)-(4)	paid to USPTO and all cla	ims satisfied provisions\$ 100.00		1
	ENTER APPROPRIATE I	BASIC FEE AMOUNT =	\$ 860.00	
Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e)).	on later than months from	the earliest claimed	\$	
CLAIMS NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE	\$	
Total claims 12 - 20 =	0	X \$18.00	\$	
Independent claims 1 - 3 =	0	X \$80.00	\$	
MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS(S) (if applicable)		+ \$270.00	\$	
	TOTAL OF ABO	OVE CALCULATIONS =	\$ 860.00	
Reduction of ½ for filing by small entity, if applicable. Applicant claims Small Entity Status under 37 CFR 1,27.			\$	
SUBTOTAL =			\$ 860.00)
Processing fee of \$130 for furnishing the English translation later than months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR1.49(f)).			\$	
TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =			\$ 860.00)
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per property			\$ 40.00)
		AL FEES ENCLOSED =	\$ 900.00	
			Amount to be refunded:	
,			charged:	
a. X A check in the amount of \$ 900.00 to co	ver the above fees is enclo	sed.		
b. Please charge my Deposit Account No.			. A duplicate copy of this sheet is	enclosed.
c. X The Commissioner is hereby authorized Deposit Account No. 25-0120 . A dupli	to charge any additional fe	ees which may be required		
			10 41	
SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO			Benoît Castel	
2nd Floor Arlington, VA 22202		Benoît Castel Attorney for Applicant Registration No. 35,041		
(703) 521-2297 facsimile (703) 685-0573 Customer Number: 000466				

PATENTS

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of

Thierry LINOSSIER

Box Non-fee Amendment

Serial No. (unknown)

GROUP

Filed herewith

Examiner

RADIATING CABLE

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Commissioner for Patents

Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Prior to the first Official Action and calculation of the filing fee, please amend the above-identified application as follows:

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Please make the following insertions:

Page 1, between lines 5 and 6, please insert the following heading:

--BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION--

and between lines 23 and 24, please insert the following heading:

~-OBJECTS AND SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION-~

Page 2, between lines 12 and 13, please insert the following heading:

-- BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS--,

and between lines 23 and 24, please insert the following heading:

--DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION --.

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IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend claims 1-12 as follows:

--1/(Amended) A radiating cable comprising a pair of insulated conductor wires (2), the cable comprising at least one cable segment (1) having first ends (3) connected to a load (4) equal to an impedance characteristic of the cable segment, and second ends (5) connected to a connector.

2/(Amended) A radiating cable according to claim 1, comprising at least two cable segments whose second ends (5) are connected to the connector (6) in a parallel configuration.

3/(Amended) A radiating cable according to claim 2, wherein the two cable segments (1) are identical.

4/(Amended) A radiating cable according to claim 1, wherein the pairs of insulated conductor wires (2) are placed in a supporting sheath (9).

 $5/({\sf Amended})$ A radiating cable according to claim 1, wherein the insulated conductor wires are twisted together, at least in part.

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6/(Amended) A radiating cable according to claim 5, wherein the insulated conductor wires (2) are twisted at a pitch lying in the range about 15 times to about 30 times the diameter of the insulated wires.

 $7/({\rm Amended})$ A radiating cable according to claim 4, wherein the wires are twisted alternately with right-handed twist and with left-handed twist.

8/(Amended) A radiating cable according to claim 7, wherein a portion of cable with right-handed twist is separated from a portion of cable with left-handed twist by a portion of cable in which the insulated wires are substantially parallel to each other.

9/(Amended) A radiating cable according to claim 1, including a dielectric tape (7) in contact with the insulated conductor wires.

10/(Amended) A radiating cable according to claim

1, including metal tapes wound helically without overlap

around the pairs of insulated conductor wires.

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11/(Amended) A radiating cable according to claim 9, including metal tapes wound helically without overlap around the pairs of insulated conductor wires, and wherein the metal tapes (10) extend between the dielectric tape (7) and the outer supporting sheath (9).

12/(Amended) A radiating cable according to claim

1, wherein the two wires of the pair differ from each other in

at least one parameter comprising: conductor diameter,

conductor nature or structure, and the thickness or the nature

of the insulation surrounding the conductors.--

REMARKS

Claims 1-12 have been amended. Claims 2-12 have been amended to correct multiple dependency. Attached hereto is a marked-up version of the changes made to claims by the current amendment. The attached page is captioned <u>"VERSION"</u> WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE".

Respectfully submitted,

YOUNG & THOMPSON

У ___

Benoît Castel

Attorney for Applicant Customer No. 000466 Registration No. 35,041 745 South 23rd Street Arlington, VA 22202

703/521-2297

September 21, 2001

Claims 1-12 have been amended as follows:

- 1/ A radiating cable comprising a pair of insulated
 conductor wires (2), the cable being characterized in
 that it comprises comprising at least one cable segment
 (1) having first ends (3) connected to a load (4) equal
 to an impedance characteristic of the cable segment, and
 second ends (5) connected to a connector.
- 2/ A radiating cable according to claim 1, characterized in that it comprises comprising at least two cable segments whose second ends (5) are connected to the connector (6) in a parallel configuration.
- 3/ A radiating cable according to claim 2, characterized in that wherein the two cable segments (1) are identical.
 - 4/ A radiating cable according to any one of claims 1 to 3, characterized in that wherein the pairs of insulated conductor wires (2) are placed in a supporting sheath (9).
 - 5/ A radiating cable according to any one of claims 1 to 4, characterized in that wherein the insulated conductor wires are twisted together, at least in part.
 - 6/ A radiating cable according to claim 5, characterized in that wherein the insulated conductor wires (2) are twisted at a pitch lying in the range about 15 times to about 30 times the diameter of the insulated wires.
 - 7/ A radiating cable according to claim 4 or claim 6, characterized in that wherein the wires are twisted alternately with right-handed twist and with left-handed twist.
 - 8/ A radiating cable according to claim 7, characterized in that wherein a portion of cable with right-handed

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twist is separated from a portion of cable with lefthanded twist by a portion of cable in which the insulated wires are substantially parallel to each other.

- 9/ A radiating cable according to any one of claims 1 to 8, characterized in that it includes including a dielectric tape (7) in contact with the insulated conductor wires.
- 10 10/ A radiating cable according to any one of claims 1 to 9, characterized in that it includes including metal tapes wound helically without overlap around the pairs of insulated conductor wires.
- 11/ A radiating cable according to claim 10 as dependent en claim 9, including metal tapes wound helically without overlap around the pairs of insulated conductor wires, and characterized in that wherein the metal tapes (10) extend between the dielectric tape (7) and the outer supporting sheath (9).
- 12/ A radiating cable according to any one of claims 1 to 11, characterized in that wherein the two wires of the pair differ from each other in at least one parameter comprising: conductor diameter, conductor nature or structure, and the thickness or the nature of the insulation surrounding the conductors.

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A RADIATING CABLE

The present invention relates to a radiating cable for use in particular in the field of cellular telephony or in local area networks for transmitting data by wireless at up to about 2.4 gigahertz (GHz).

The provision of radio coverage in large buildings often requires dedicated equipment to be installed. This coverage is obtained by means of antennas placed inside such buildings.

Technically, it would be advantageous to use radiating cables based in passages, however that gives rise to costs that are often unacceptable. Present-day radiating cables are coaxial cables with slots in periodic patterns and they are expensive, bulky, rigid, and difficult to lay.

Furthermore, when cabling buildings, the high levels of performance provided by present-day radiating cables are unnecessary. The object of the invention is to propose a radiating cable of low cost that is easy to lay, while presenting performance that is sufficient to ensure satisfactory transmission of signals within a building or a vehicle.

The present invention provides a radiating cable comprising a pair of insulated conductor wires, at least one cable segment having first ends connected to a load equal to an impedance characteristic of the cable segment, and second ends connected to a connector. This provides a cable of very great flexibility and compactness which can easily be fixed in the passages of a building by means of the usual techniques for fixing an ordinary telephone cable and which also presents impedance that is independent of length.

In an advantageous version of the invention, the cable has at least two cable segments whose second ends are connected in parallel to the connector. Given the equivalent impedance obtained by connecting the cable segments in parallel, this makes it possible to provide a

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cable that presents impedance matched to the transceiver to which the radiating cable is connected while making the radiating cable out of cable segments each presenting an impedance that is higher, i.e. generally having better transmission performance than a single cable matching the nominal impedance of the transceiver.

In yet another advantageous aspect of the invention, the two cable segments are identical. This minimizes constraints on storage, and the cable can be installed without any need to identify the cable segments.

Other characteristics and advantages of the invention will appear on reading the following description of a particular non-limiting embodiment of the radiating cable of the invention, given with reference to the accompanying figures, in which:

- Figure 1 is a diagram of a radiating cable of the invention comprising two cable segments connected in parallel; and
- \cdot Figure 2 is a perspective view of a portion of a cable of the invention.

With reference to the figures, the radiating cable constituting the particular embodiment shown comprises two cable segments given overall references 1, each segment comprising a twisted pair of insulated conductor wires 2 having first ends 3 connected to a load 4 and second ends 5 connected in a parallel configuration to a connector 6.

In this preferred embodiment, both cable segments 1 are identical and each is made from a pair of solid copper conductors having a diameter of 1.38 millimeters (mm) and covered in insulation having a thickness of 2.2 mm of cellular polystyrene expanded by 41% and covered in a polyethylene skin having a thickness of 0.08 mm. The capacitance of the wire made in this way is 210 picofarads per meter (pF/m) and the insulation has a dielectric constant of 1.463. A cable segment comprising a twisted pair of insulated conductors as described above

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then has a characteristic impedance of 100 ohms (Ω) so that when the wires are connected to 100 Ω load, the impedance of the cable segments is maintained at 100 Ω , regardless of its length. Two cable segments connected in parallel then have an equivalent impedance of 50 Ω corresponding to the nominal impedance normally required at the input/output (I/O) of a transceiver. The resulting cable is well-balanced, both for transmission and for reception, and when account is taken of its linear attenuation, each cable segment can be up to about 100 meters (m) long for transmission at 450 megahertz (MHz), about 75 m long for 900 MHz, about 45 m long for 1800 MHz, and about 35 m long for 2.4 GHz.

As shown in Figure 2, the insulated conductors are held together by a dielectric tape 7 made of polyester, polypropylene, or more simply of paper, but preferably made of a material that enables the cable to withstand fire, such as a mineral tape of mica or of glass silk. In this embodiment, the dielectric tape 7 is covered in a series of helically-wound metal tapes 8, having edges that are spaced apart by gaps that are preferably about one or two times the width of the metal tapes so that at high frequency the metal tape contributes to maintaining the characteristic impedance of the radiating cable at a value that is constant, while allowing radiated energy to escape through the gaps between the metal tapes 8. also possible to replace the metal tapes 8 by a plurality of metal wires wound around each of the insulated conductor wires.

The cable segment preferably also includes a thin outer sheet 9 of thermoplastic material or of elastomer.

Naturally, the invention is not limited to the particular embodiment described and can be modified without going beyond the ambit of the invention as defined by the claims.

In particular, although the cable of the invention is described in an embodiment comprising identical cable

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segments connected in parallel, it is possible to provide cable segments that differ either in length or in impedance. Depending on the structure of the zone to be covered, it can be advantageous to use cable segments presenting differing performance, the attenuation in each cable segment being related to the average impedance thereof. For cable segments of different lengths, the cable having the higher impedance preferably covers the longer zone while the cable having the lower impedance covers the shorter zone.

If the geometrical configuration of the premises to be covered is complex, it is also possible to envisage connecting more than two cable segments in parallel, with the characteristic impedance of each cable segment being selected so that the equivalent impedance of the radiating cable corresponds to the nominal impedance of the transceiver used.

In order to increase radiation from the cable, it is possible to provide unbalance between the various elements of the cable, either by using different dimensions or different capacitances per unit length between the various conductor wires by varying the thickness or the nature of the insulating material, or by varying the pitch at which the insulating conductor wires are twisted together, with it being possible for pitch variation to go all the way to reversing the twist direction and/or to keeping the insulated conductor wires parallel to each other over a portion of the cable, with the helical pitch in twisted portions preferably being about 15 to 30 times the diameter of the insulated conductors and with the length of each portion at constant twist being about ten times the helical pitch in question or ten times the adjacent helical pitch for a portion in which the wires are parallel.

When the zone to be covered is very small, e.g. in a building of small dimensions or in a vehicle, it is possible to privilege radiation at the expense of linear

attenuation and to provide a cable comprising a parallel pair of wires connected to the load.

The flexibility of the cable can be improved by replacing solid conductors with wires made up of multiple twisted strands.

It is also possible to make the cable of the invention without using metal tapes and/or a dielectric tape.

CLAIMS

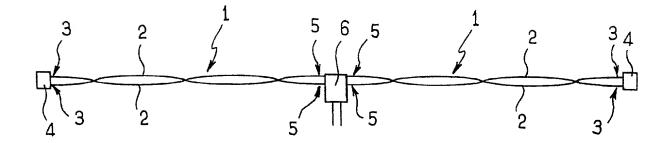
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- 1/ A radiating cable comprising a pair of insulated conductor wires (2), the cable being characterized in that it comprises at least one cable segment (1) having first ends (3) connected to a load (4) equal to an impedance characteristic of the cable segment, and second ends (5) connected to a connector.
- 2/ A radiating cable according to claim 1, characterized in that it comprises at least two cable segments whose second ends (5) are connected to the connector (6) in a parallel configuration.
- 3/ A radiating cable according to claim 2, characterized in that the two cable segments (1) are identical.
 - 4/ A radiating cable according to any one of claims 1 to 3, characterized in that the pairs of insulated conductor wires (2) are placed in a supporting sheath (9).
 - 5/ A radiating cable according to any one of claims 1 to 4, characterized in that the insulated conductor wires are twisted together, at least in part.
- 25 6/ A radiating cable according to claim 5, characterized in that the insulated conductor wires (2) are twisted at a pitch lying in the range about 15 times to about 30 times the diameter of the insulated wires.
- 30 7/ A radiating cable according to claim 4 or claim 6, characterized in that the wires are twisted alternately with right-handed twist and with left-handed twist.
- 8/ A radiating cable according to claim 7, characterized 35 in that a portion of cable with right-handed twist is separated from a portion of cable with left-handed twist

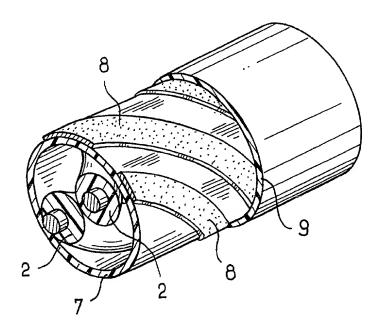
by a portion of cable in which the insulated wires are substantially parallel to each other.

- 9/ A radiating cable according to any one of claims 1 to 8, characterized in that it includes a dielectric tape (7) in contact with the insulated conductor wires.
- 10/ A radiating cable according to any one of claims 1 to 9, characterized in that it includes metal tapes wound 10 helically without overlap around the pairs of insulated conductor wires.
 - 11/ A radiating cable according to claim 10 as dependent on claim 9, characterized in that the metal tapes (10) extend between the dielectric tape (7) and the outer supporting sheath (9).
- 12/ A radiating cable according to any one of claims 1 to 11, characterized in that the two wires of the pair 20 differ from each other in at least one parameter comprising: conductor diameter, conductor nature or structure, and the thickness or the nature of the insulation surrounding the conductors.

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FIG₋₁



FIG_2

COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that

(Application Serial No.)

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or

the specification (of which: (check or	re)		
		REGULAR OR DESI	GN APPLICATION	
[]	is attached he	eto.		
[]	was filed on $_$ amended on $_$	(if ap	_ as application Serial No plicable).	and was
	PCT FIL	ED APPLICATION EN	TERING NATIONAL STAGE	
arch 16, 2000	was described and as amend	and claimed in Interned on	ational application No.P <u>CT/FRO</u>	0/00634 filed on
I hereby state th claims, as amend	at I have reviewed ed by any amendme	and understand the coent referred to above.	ontents of the above-identified spe	ecification, including the
regeral Regulatio	ne duty to disclose ns, §1.56.	information which is	material to patentability as define	ed in Title 37, Code of
100 mg		PRIORITY	Y CLAIM	
a filing date befor	elow and have also	efits under 35 USC 11 identified below any fo ation on which priority i	9 of any foreign application(s) to reign application for patent or investigation for patent or investigations.	for patent or inventor's entor's certificate having
		PRIOR FOREIGN A	APPLICATION(S)	
Coun	try	Application Number	Date of Filing (day, month, year)	Priority . Claimed
FRANC	E 9	9 03586	23.03.1999	YES
			7. 700	
(Complete this part or	nly if this is a continuing a	application)	,	
manner provided	by the first paragr	of this application is i raph of 35 USC 112, 1 Title 37 Code of Feder	red States application(s) listed be not disclosed in the prior United S I acknowledge the duty to discloral ral Regulations §1.56 which became	States application in the se information which is
filing date of the	prior application and	I the national or PCT in	ternational filing date of this applic	ation:

(Status-patented, pending, abandoned)

(Filing Date)

POWER OF ATTORNEY

The undersigned hereby authorizes the U.S. attorney or agent named herein to accept and follow instructions from as to any action to be taken in the Patent and Trademark Office regarding this application without direct communication between the U.S. attorney or agent and the undersigned. In the event of a change in the persons from whom instructions may be taken, the U.S. attorney or agent named herein will be so notified by the undersigned.

As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the registered patent attorneys represented by Customer No. 000466 to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith, including: Robert J. PATCH, Reg. No. 17,355, Andrew J. PATCH, Reg. No. 32,925, Robert F. HARGEST, Reg. No. 25,590, Benoît CASTEL, Reg. No. 35,041, Thomas W. PERKINS, Reg. No. 33,027, Roland E. LONG, Jr., Reg. No. 41,949 and Eric JENSEN, Reg. No. 37,855,

c/o YOUNG & THOMPSON, Second Floor, 745 South 23rd Street, Arlington, Virginia 22202.

Address all telephone calls to Young & Thompson at 703/521-2297. Telefax: 703/685-0573.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Full name of sole or first inventor: Thierry LINOSSIER (given name, family name)	
Inventor's signature	Date <u>September 5, 20</u> 01
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Full name of second joint inventor, if any: (given name, family name)	
Inventor's signature	Date
Residence:	Citizenship:
Post Office Address:	
Full name of third joint inventor, if any: (given name, family name)	
Inventor's signature	Date
Residence:	Citizenship:
Post Office Address:	
Full name of fourth joint inventor: (given name, family name)	
Inventor's signature	_ Date
Residence:	Citizenship:
Form Y&T (6/00) Page 2	